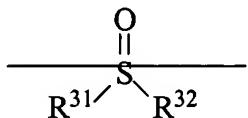


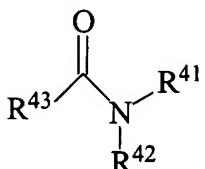
**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A photothermographic material comprising, on one side of a support, a photosensitive silver halide, a non-photosensitive silver salt of an organic acid, a reducing agent for silver ions and a binder, which is characterized by containing at least one phenol compound as the reducing agent and

at least one compound having a hydrogen bond formation rate constant  $K_f$  that is 20-4000, and which is represented by the following formula (III) or (IV):



-(III)-



(IV)

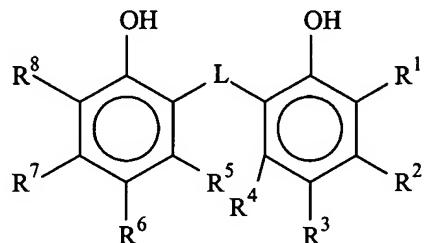
wherein:

~~in the formula (III),  $\text{R}^{31}$  and  $\text{R}^{32}$  independently represent an alkyl group, an aryl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and  $\text{R}^{31}$  and  $\text{R}^{32}$  may be taken together to form a ring;~~

~~and in the formula(IV),  $\text{R}^{41}$  and  $\text{R}^{42}$  independently represent an alkyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group,  $\text{R}^{43}$  represents an alkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocyclic group or  $\text{N}(\text{R}^{44})(\text{R}^{45})$  where  $\text{R}^{44}$  and  $\text{R}^{45}$  independently represent an alkyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and two or more of  $\text{R}^{41}$ ,  $\text{R}^{42}$ ,  $\text{R}^{44}$  and  $\text{R}^{45}$  may be taken together to form a ring~~  
 ~~$\text{R}^{41}$  and  $\text{R}^{42}$  may be taken together to form a ring, and when  $\text{R}^{43}$  represents  $\text{N}(\text{R}^{44})(\text{R}^{45})$ , then~~

R<sup>44</sup> and R<sup>45</sup> may be taken together to form a ring or at least one of R<sup>41</sup> and R<sup>42</sup> and at least one of R<sup>44</sup> and R<sup>45</sup> may be taken together to form a ring.

2. (Previously Presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the phenol compound is at least one o-polyphenol compound represented by the following formula I



(I)

wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are hydrogen atoms, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> represent an alkyl group and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> represent an alkyl group, and L represents a group -CHR<sup>9</sup>- where R<sup>9</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an isopropyl group, an n-propyl group, a heptyl group, a 1-ethylpentyl group, and an undecyl group.

3. (Original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 70 to 4000.

4. (Previously Presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 100-4000.

5. (Previously Presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 250-2000.

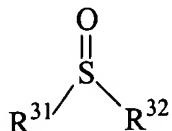
6-9. (Canceled)

10. (Previously Presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the amount of the phenol compound is 0.01-40 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

11. (Previously Presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the amount of said at least one compound is 0.01-40g/m<sup>2</sup>.

12. (New) A photothermographic material comprising, on one side of a support, a photosensitive silver halide, a non-photosensitive silver salt of an organic acid, a reducing agent for silver ions and a binder, which is characterized by containing at least one phenol compound as the reducing agent,

a metal or metal complex of Group VIII to Group X in the periodic table of elements and at least one compound having a hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf that is 20-4000, and which is represented by the following formula (III):



(III)

wherein:

in the formula (III), R<sup>31</sup> and R<sup>32</sup> independently represent an alkyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and R<sup>31</sup> and R<sup>32</sup> may be taken together to form a ring.

13. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the metal or the center metal of the metal complex of Group VIII to X is rhodium, rhenium, ruthenium, osmium or iridium.

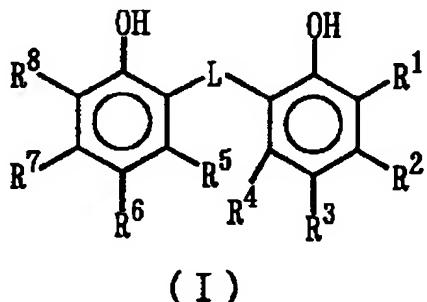
14. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, which contains two or more kinds of the metal and/or the metal complex of Group VIII to X.

15. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the photosensitive silver halide has been subjected to chemical sensitization.

16. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 15, wherein the chemical sensitization is sulfur sensitization, selenium sensitization or tellurium sensitization.

17. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, which further contains a polyhalogenated compound.

18. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the phenol compound is at least one o-polyphenol compound represented by the following formula (I):



wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are hydrogen atoms, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> represent an alkyl group and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> represent an alkyl group, and L represents a group -CHR<sup>9</sup>- where R<sup>9</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an isopropyl group, an n-propyl group, a heptyl group, a 1-ethylpentyl group, and undecyl group.

19. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 70 to 4000.

20. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 100 to 4000.

21. (New) The photothermographic material according to Claim 12, wherein the hydrogen bond formation rate constant Kf is 250 to 2000.